Math 254 Exam 7a: 10/31/6 Please read the exam instructions.

Notes, books, papers, calculators and electronic aids are all forbidden for this exam. Please write your answers on **separate paper**, indicate clearly what work goes with which problem, and put your name on every sheet. Cross out work you do not wish graded; incorrect work can lower your grade, even compared with no work at all. Keep this list of problems for your records. Show all necessary work in your solutions; if you are unsure, show it. Extra credit may be earned by handing in revised work in class on Thursday 11/2; for details see the syllabus. Each problem is worth 10 points. You have approximately 30 minutes.

- 1. Carefully define the term "linear combination".
- 2. Choose ALWAYS or SOMETIMES or NEVER, for each of the following. Be sure to put your answers on separate paper.
 - (a) An inner product space is a vector space.
 - (b) A normed space is an inner product space.
 - (c) A vector space is an inner product space.
 - (d) An inner product space is a normed space.
 - (e) A normed space is _____ a vector space.
 - (f) A vector space is _____ a normed space.
- 3. Carefully state the three axioms of an inner product.

For the next two questions, consider the vector space P(t) with inner product given by $\langle u, v \rangle = \int_0^1 u(t)v(t)dt$. Let f(t) = t, and g(t) = at + 1, for some unknown constant a.

- 4. For which value(s) of a are f and g orthogonal?
- 5. We want to find which value(s) of a cause f, g to have a 60° angle between them. Set up (but do not solve) an equation in a that would answer this question. BONUS: Solve the equation.