Math 254-1 Exam 6: 10/27/8

Please read the exam instructions.

Notes, books, papers, calculators and electronic aids are all forbidden for this exam. Please write your answers on **the attached page only** (front and back if necessary). Indicate clearly what work goes with which problem. Cross out work you do not wish graded; incorrect work can lower your grade. You may use this first page as scratch paper; keep it for your records. Show all necessary work in your solutions; if you are unsure, show it. Extra credit may be earned by handing in revised work in class on Wednesday 10/29; for details see the syllabus. Each problem is worth 10 points; your total will be doubled to fit the standard 100 point scale. You have approximately 30 minutes.

- 1. Carefully define the Linear Algebra term "independent". Give two examples from \mathbb{R}^2 .
- 2. In the vector space $M_{2,3}$ of 2×3 matrices, set:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}, B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 7 \\ 10 & 1 & 13 \end{pmatrix}, C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 8 & 2 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

Determine whether or not $\{A, B, C\}$ is independent.

3. In the vector space $\mathbb{R}_3[x]$ of polynomials of degree at most 3, set $u_1=x^3+x^2+2x+1, u_2=x^3-x^2+x+1, u_3=x^3+5x^2+4x+1, u_4=x^3+2x^2+3x+4.$

Set $S = span\{u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4\}$. Find the dimension of S, and a basis.

- 4. In the vector space \mathbb{R}^2 , set $S = \{(1,1), (4,5)\}$, a basis. Find the change-of basis matrix from the standard basis to S, and use this matrix to find $[(5,-3)]_S$.
- 5. In the vector space \mathbb{R}^3 , set $T = \{(1,1,1), (0,1,2), (1,1,3)\}$, a basis. Find $[(1,2,2)]_T$.

ID Code:
